

# Coopers & Lybrand

# Health Promotion Agency for NI

Evaluation of Convenience Advertising Campaign
Draft Report dated October 1996

## Solutions for Business

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# I Executive Summary

#### Survey of young people

101 518 young people were interviewed at 20 of the venues which participated in the 'Convenience Advertising' campaign. The sample was representative in terms of age, gender and socio-economic background.

- 91% of those interviewed attended a participating venue at least on a monthly basis. All those interviewed had attended a participating venue at least once in the previous six months.
- 70% were aware of 'safer sex' or 'HIV' advertising. This figure rose to 76% after further prompting. Of this figure, 57% were able to say spontaneously that they had seen the advertising in toilets, pubs or nightclubs and on prompting this rose to 79%.
- In total 60% of the sample were able to say, without seeing the posters, that they were aware of the HPAs 'Convenience Advertising' campaign. 69% of the total sample recognised the campaign when they were shown the posters.
- Those least likely to recognise the posters were occasional visitors to the participating venues, those aged 25-35 and the DE socio-economic groups.
- There was some evidence of fatigue or familiarity with the posters with 12% not reading the posters at all when they last encountered the advertising.
- Two thirds of those who had seen the posters had read them fully. Those least likely to have read them were those aged 25-35 and males.
- It was thought that the campaign was mainly aimed at those aged 17 to 25 years. However all but 9% agreed with the statement that the posters were aimed at people like them.
- The main messages coming through were 'to use condoms' and 'diseases can be caught from unprotected sex'. There was less awareness of the message about 'knowing your partner's sexual history' and 'the need to wear a condom even if your partner is on the pill'.
- 29% of respondents had discussed the advertising with their friends.
- 96% expressed the opinion that the posters told them nothing they didn't already know.
- Reactions to the posters were generally very positive with the vast majority agreeing that they were 'eye catching', 'easy to understand' and that locating them in toilets was a very good idea.

- 22% thought there should be more information on the posters and 20% thought they were too bright and jazzy.
- Around one third said that, as a direct result of the campaign, they were more aware of and better
  informed about safer sex, HIV and AIDS, and were more likely to use condoms. However
  around one in five claimed that they did not learn anything from the campaign.

#### Venue owners/managers survey

- Interviews were conducted with 38 of the 51 pub owners/managers who participated in the campaign.
- 79% of respondents were very willing to participate in the campaign.
- Few owners remembered refusing to allow particular posters on the premises.
- There was little incidence of customers complaining about the campaign.
- 58% of owners/managers had experienced problems with posters being vandalised. These problems related to the posters being taken off the wall this was not always viewed negatively.
- The owner/managers reaction to the campaign was positive with the vast majority agreeing that the location of the posters was a good idea, that the posters were easy to understand, and that they had a responsibility to customers to display this type of advertising.
- 90% of respondents had condom vending machines on their premises and of the rest, all but one would consider installing them.
- Few of the owners/managers were aware of the amount of sales from the condom machines. Of those that were, sales were generally thought to have remained the same during the advertising campaign.
- The vast majority said that they would be willing to participate in future campaigns and a third said that they would be willing to maintain the posters at their site.

#### Conclusions and recommendations

102 We would like to stress that the results of this survey are very positive. The high awareness levels of the campaign indicate that it has been a very effective method of reaching your target audience.

• We would recommend that this type of targeted advertising should be considered for future campaigns. However careful consideration needs to be given to the target audience and the type of topic that is suitable for this sort of campaign.

- 103 The location appears to have been effective in contributing to the success of the campaign. The level of recall for the toilet location was among the highest recorded when compared to any of the previous research conducted for the HPA. It was higher than TV advertising which normally scores well in this type of research evaluation.
- 104 The location appears to work particularly well for females with women more likely to have read the full poster. This may be because they have more privacy to read the poster as they have no alternative to using the cubicles. Males may feel more inhibited about reading the full poster in the less private urinal area of the toilets.
- We would recommend that using the toilet areas of social venues for advertising should be used in the future if there is a need to target this particular audience. Again caution should he adopted when considering which topics to address.
- 105 The main messages of using condoms and safer sex appear to be getting through however, there was a lower level of recall for messages specific to this campaign such as the need to get to know their partner's sexual history and the need to use condoms even with other contraceptions.
- Those messages which are not being recalled as frequently could be developed in future campaigns.
- 106 It appears that some respondents are becoming familiar with the posters and no longer feel as compelled to read them fully.
- Caution should be adopted in estimating the further effectiveness of this campaign if it was to continue in its current format as further fatigue may develop. Ways of developing the campaign further should he considered.
- 107 Although it was the intention of the campaign to target 18 to 35 year olds most respondents felt that the posters were not aimed at those aged over 30. Also those aged over 25 were less likely to have read the poster in full. In reality it may be difficult to target such a wide age group using one technique.
- If you specifically wish to target those aged 25-35 it may be more effective to use alternative techniques.
- 108 The vast majority believed they hadn't learnt anything new from the posters however this is perhaps not as important as keeping awareness of the issues high.
- 109 This type of advertising was well received by venue owners/managers.
- The findings from this research and the venue owners/managers themselves could potentially be used as advocates to help extend the advertising to other venues.

- 110 Over half of the venue owners/managers had experienced vandalism of the posters.
- Other methods of displaying the posters should be investigated. Employing the venue owners/managers to maintain the sites may help to alleviate some of the problems which arise from vandalism of the posters.
- 111 Venue owners/managers were not able to recall the posters which they had originally rejected from displaying.
- As the venue owners/managers are now familiar with the campaign, it may be worthwhile to reaffirm with them which posters can be displayed.

# 11 Our approach

#### **Terms of reference**

201 In the following section we have outlined our approach to the research to evaluate the effectiveness of The Health Promotion Agency's Sexual Health Campaign.

202 The first stage of the project was to review and agree, at an initial project meeting, the methodology behind the survey. At this meeting the objective was to agree the terms of reference, set up reporting procedures, and set key reporting dates.

203 The objectives of the research were:

- to examine the effectiveness of the location for providing information;
- to examine the advantages/disadvantages of receiving information when socialising;
- to examine the recall of messages;
- to explore views of the messages;
- to examine the impact of the posters; and
- to examine the views of owners/managers.

204 The next stage was to assess the previous research carried out on the campaign. This allowed us to review any key issues that arose from the previous research and therefore enabled us to address these issues in a comprehensive manner for this research.

205 The first stage of the research involved a telephone survey of the venue owners/managers who participated in the fieldwork campaign. They were contacted firstly by post to make them aware of the survey taking place, and secondly by telephone in order to complete a semi-structured questionnaire. 38 interviews were achieved. A questionnaire was designed addressing the key issues of the research (Appendix A).

206 The main body of research was carried out by the completion of interviews with 518 young people who frequented the sites at which the campaign had been undertaken. A sample of 20 sites were identified and 25-26 respondents interviewed at each site. Sites for the sample were chosen by the following criteria to provide a balanced sample in terms of:

- location;
- size; and
- customer profile.

207 A quota was placed on the interviewees to ensure the sample was representative of Northern Ireland's 'single' population, in terms of age, sex and socio economic grouping. The required quota and the achieved numbers of interviews are set out in the table 2.1.

Table 2.1 Young peoples survey quotas

		% Expected	% Achieved
Age	18-19	23	23.9
	20-24	44	43.5
	25-35	33	32.4
Gender	male female	56 44	55.7 44.1
SEG	ABC1 C2DE	40 60	45.9 53.9

- 208 Quotas were not placed on sexual activity however, 80% of respondents indicated that they were sexually active, 18% said they were not sexually active and 2% declined to answer. 35% of those aged under 19 and 28% of females said they had never been sexually active.
- 209 In order to produce a more detailed analysis of the effectiveness of the campaign a series of mini-depth interviews were conducted. This allowed a more qualitative response to be explored by the interviewers. The mini-depth interviews lasted in the region of 20 minutes and covered the same core issues in enhanced form and hence provided reasoning behind many of the quantitative results of the survey.
- 210 After the completion of all the interviews the questionnaires were collated and entered onto computer using our in-house team to edit, code and input the data. Analysis was then completed using a statistical software package. We will now discuss the key findings in the following sections.

## III Key findings from the young people's survey

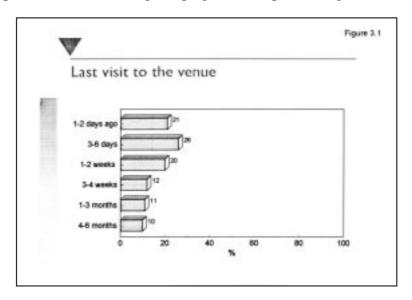
#### Frequency of visiting social venues

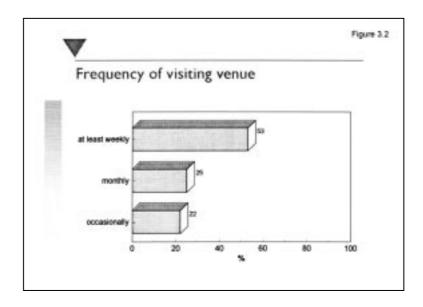
- 301 All respondents had visited the venue they were attending on at least one occasion in the previous 6 months, thus ensuring that all those interviewed had potential exposure to the campaign. Two third (67%) had visited the venue in the previous 2 weeks. (Figure 3.1)
- 302 Over half (53%) were regular visitors and frequented the venue on a weekly basis, a further quarter (25%) made monthly visits and 22% visited occasionally. (Figure 3.2)
- 303 Further exposure to the advertising campaign may potentially have occurred during visits to other participating venues. Therefore respondents were questioned about their frequency of visiting these other venues.
- 304 From the information provided we were able to classify respondents into three categories based on their frequency of visiting the participating venues. Table 3. 1 details these categories:

**Table 3.1 Frequency of attending participating venues** 

Frequent exposure to the advertising (attended a participating venue at least once a week)	71%
Regular exposure to the advertising (attended a participating venue at least once a month)	20%
Occasional exposure to the advertising (attended a participating venue less than once a month)	9%

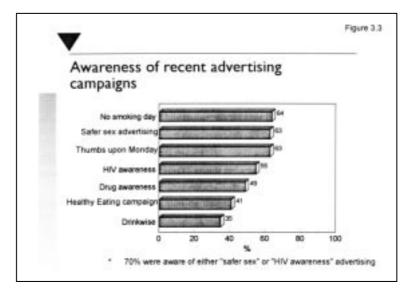
305 This pattern of visiting the participating venues means that the vast majority of respondents have potentially been exposed to the advertising campaign on a frequent or regular basis.

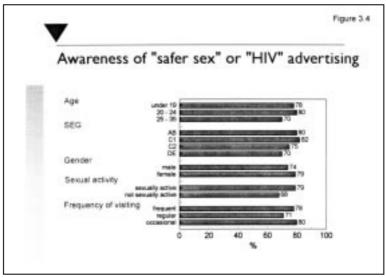




#### Awareness of 'Safer Sex' or 'HIV advertising

- 306 To give an indication of the comparative awareness of 'safer sex' or 'HIV' advertising respondents were asked if they had heard of or noticed a number of different advertising campaigns.
- 307 The greatest awareness was for 'No smoking day' (64%), closely followed by the Fire Authority's 'Thumbs Up On Monday' television campaign (63%) and 'safer sex' advertising (63%). There was also high awareness of 'HIV' advertising (55%). (Figure 3.3)
- 308 Those who were interviewed at venues outside Belfast were more likely to report having seen 'safer sex' advertising (70% compared to 61% of those in Belfast).
- 309 In total, 70% said that they were aware of either 'safer sex' or 'HIV' advertising. After further prompting this rose to 76% of the sample.
- 310 Overall awareness was least for those aged 25-30 (70%), the DE socioeconomic grouping (70%) and those who said they were not sexually active (68%). (Figure 3.4)
- 311 The level of awareness of 'safer sex' and 'HIV' advertising appears to be high in the sample which we interviewed. However, when we compared the level of awareness for other advertising campaigns to results from previous research conducted for the HPA the levels of awareness were broadly similar. (Appendix B).



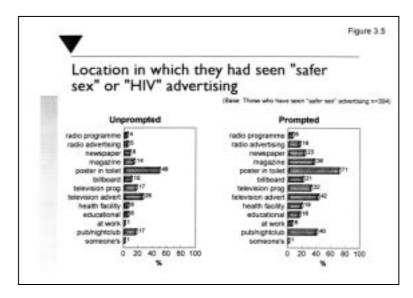


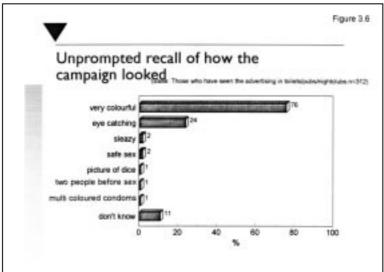
#### Awareness of the "Convenience Advertising" campaign

- 312 There are a number of 'safer sex' and 'HIV' campaigns other than the 'Convenience Advertising' campaign. Therefore it was necessary to probe further to assess if the levels of awareness related to this particular campaign. We did this by asking respondents where they had seen the advertising.
- 313 Almost half (49 %) of those who had seen 'safer sex' or 'HIV' advertising were able to say, **unprompted**, that they has seen it on a poster in toilets. 18% reported seeing the advertising in a pub or nightclub. In total, 57% had seen the advertising in either of these places. (Figure 3.5)
- 314 When prompted the level of awareness for advertising in either of these two places increased from 57% to 79%.
- 315 This represents 60% of the total sample interviewed reporting that they were aware of the 'Convenience Advertising' campaign without actually being prompted by the posters. This is a good result given that a television campaign such as 'Thumbs up on Monday' had 63% awareness.

#### Unprompted recall of how the campaign looked

- 316 Those who reported they had seen the campaign in toilets or a pub or nightclub were asked to describe how it looked.
- 317 Three quarters (76%) described the posters as 'very colourful' and 25% said they were eye catching, small percentages were able to give descriptions of the pictures which appeared on the posters. (Figure 3.6)



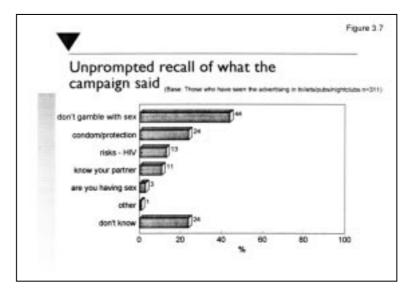


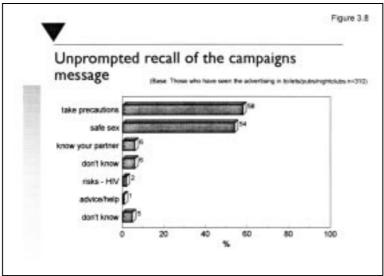
#### Unprompted recall of what the campaign said

318 'Don't gamble with sex' was the description which was remembered most often (44%). Just less than a quarter (24%) recalled that the posters mentioned condoms and being protected. 24% did not know what the campaign said. (Figure 3.7)

#### Unprompted recall of the campaigns message

- 319 The message which was recalled most often by respondents was 'To take precautions/carry condoms' (58%). 54% said it was about safer sex. Only 6% mentioned 'knowing your partner'. (Figure 3.8)
- 320 The main messages of taking precautions and safer sex were recognised in total by 89% of the respondents who were aware of the advertising. However the message of 'knowing your partner' does not appear to be as high in the respondent's consciousness. The need to use condoms even if using other contraception was not specifically recalled. This may be an area which could be developed in the future.





#### **Recognition of the Posters**

321 All respondents were shown the posters which were used in the advertising campaign and asked to indicate those which they had seen before.

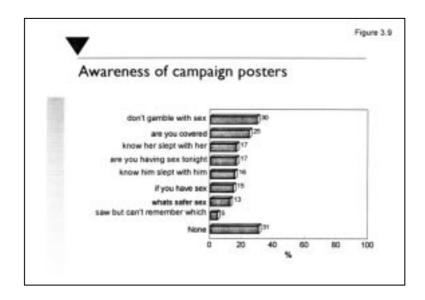
322 Almost a third (31%) did not recognise the posters. This was most prevalent among those who did not attend the participating venues frequently, those aged 25-35 and C2DEs (Table 3.2).

Table 3.2 Incidence of not having seen the posters

		%
Frequency of attending venues	frequent	27
	regular	38
	occasional	50
Age	< 19	35
	20-24	24
	25-35	39
Gender	male	31
	female	31
SEG	AB	25
	C1	23
	C2	36
	DE	39
Activity	sexually active	31
	not sexually active	34
Location	Belfast	26
	Outside Belfast	32

<sup>323</sup> Awareness was highest for the 'Don't gamble with sex' poster (30%). A quarter (25%) recognised the 'Are you covered' poster and 25% recognised either of the 'Know him/her, slept with him/her' posters. (Figure 3.9)

324 Details of the awareness of each poster by venue attended are enclosed at Appendix C.



#### **Initial Reaction to the Poster**

325 Those who participated in the enhanced survey described their initial reaction to the poster campaign as:

		%
•	a good idea	14
•	attention grabbing	14
•	bright/colour/bold	10
•	thought it made sense	7
•	to the point	7
•	scared/shocked	7
•	was interested in what it had to say	5
•	made them think	5
•	was nothing new	5

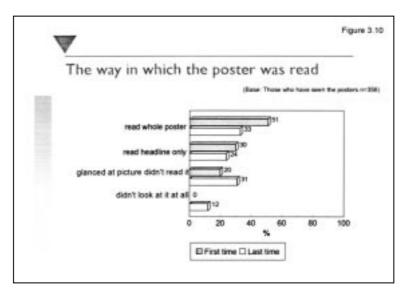
#### **Current Thoughts on the Posters**

326 The following statements describe their current thoughts on the posters.

		%
•	a good idea	28
•	eye catching/bright	15
•	should be changed at intervals	7
•	informative	7
•	makes you think	5

#### Familiarity with the campaign

- 327 When designing this research we realised that there may be an element of fatigue or familiarity regarding the poster campaign due to the length of time it has been ongoing.
- 328 In an attempt to measure this we asked respondents how much of the poster they read when they first and last saw it.
- While just over half (51%) read the whole poster when they saw it first, this figure was reduced to 33 % when they saw it last. (Figure 3.10)
- While it was less likely that the poster was last read in full there was a higher proportion (31%) who glanced at it. 12% said they didn't look at it at all when they saw it last.
- 331 It would appear that respondents are becoming familiar with the posters and no longer feel as compelled to read them fully. However few do not notice them at all indicating that the majority are still aware of them. Caution should be adopted in estimating the further effectiveness of the campaign if it was to continue in its current form as further fatigue may develop.



#### Incidence of reading the whole poster

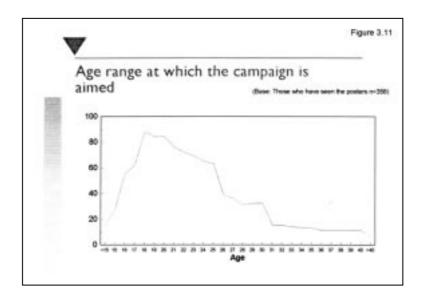
- 332 Two thirds (66%) of those who had seen the poster had read it fully at some time. Those least likely to have read it were those aged 25-35 and males. (Table 3.3)
- 333 Although the campaign is aimed at the 18-35 year old groups this perhaps indicates that it is not as appealing to the older age group.

Table 3.3 Incidence of reading the whole poster Base: Those who have seen the posters

		Read the whole poster %	Didn't read the whole poster %
All		66	34
Age	< 19 2-24 25-35	72 72 52	28 28 48
Gender	male female SEG AB C1 C2 DE	60 75 65 73 63 63	40 25 35 28 37 37
Activity	sexually active not sexually active	64 74	36 26

#### The age group at which the campaign is aimed

- 334 Respondents were asked to indicated the age group at which they thought the posters were aimed. From figure 3.11 it can be seen that the 17 to 25 year old age group attracted most of the responses. Responses tailed off considerably after age 26.
- 335 The same pattern was found across all age groups although those aged 25-30 were more likely to say that the campaign was aimed at those aged up to 30. However there was little difference across the age groups with the number saying the campaign was aimed at the 31 plus age group.
- 336 This indicates that, while it is the aim of the campaign to target the 18-35 year age group, it is thought not to be as appealing to those aged over 30.
- 337 In reality it may be difficult to target such a wide age group using one technique.

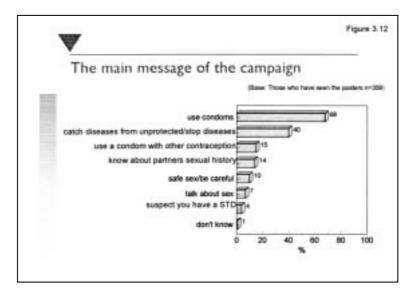


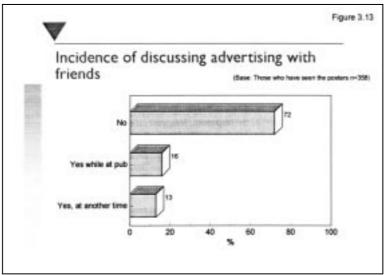
#### The main message of the campaign

- 338 Those who had seen the posters were asked to describe the main message of the campaign.
- 339 Over two thirds (68%) said that the main message was 'to use a condom when you have sex'. 40% said it was that 'you could catch diseases from unprotected sex.' (Figure 3.12) Again as indicated in paragraph 320 there was a low awareness for the campaign messages 'to know your partners sexual history' (14%) and 'you should use a condom even if you use other contraceptives' (15%).

#### **Incidence of Discussing the Advertising with Friends**

- 340 Almost three quarters (71%) reported that they had not discussed the advertising campaign with their friends. 16% had discussed it while in the pub or nightclub and 13% had discussed it at another time. (Figure 3.13)
- 341 During the enhanced interviews it emerged that the conversations were based around the following:
- what was on the poster;
- joking about the poster;
- discussing the effectiveness of the advertising;
- quoting the headlines to friends;
- about the dangers of unprotected sex; and
- about how sexual partners are chosen.



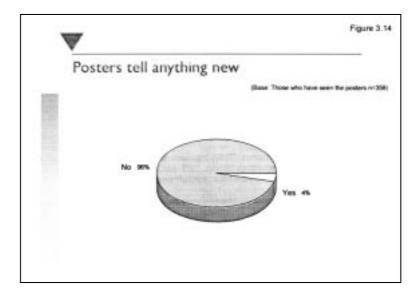


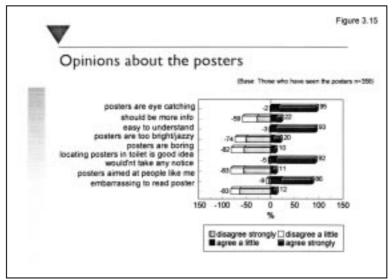
#### **Incidence of learning from the posters**

- 342 When asked if the posters told them anything they didn't already know, the majority of respondents (96%) said 'no'. (Figure 3.14)
- 343 For those that did learn something the main things were:
- that there is a GUM clinic;
- who to ring if in trouble;
- what happens if you sleep around;
- to be careful/to use condoms to prevent HIV; and
- about HIV.
- 344 A small number also mentioned that the poster helped to keep them aware that 'safer sex' is important.

#### Opinions about the posters

- 345 Respondents who had seen the advertising campaign were given a number of statements about the posters and were asked to say if they agreed or disagreed with them.
- 346 The responses were very positive towards the posters and the campaign. 95% agreed that the posters were very eye-catching, 93% agreed that they were easy to understand and 92% agreed that locating them in toilets was a very good idea. (Figure 3.15)
- Points to note were that 22% thought there should be more information on the posters and 20% thought the posters were too bright and jazzy.
- 348 All but 9% agreed that the posters were aimed at people like them. There was little difference in this result across all the main demographic categories.



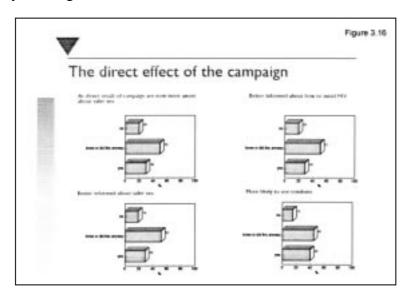


#### Effect of the campaign

349 As a direct result of the campaign, around a third of those who had seen the posters said they were more aware of and better informed about safer sex, were better informed about HIV and AIDS and were more likely to use condoms. Around half said they knew or did these things anyway. This leaves around one in five respondents who claim they did not learn anything from the campaign. (Figure 3.16)

#### **Incidence of opinions changing**

- 350 14% of those who had seen the posters said that their opinions had changed.
- 351 The ways in which they had changed included:
- having more awareness about the need for safer sex;
- being more careful about sex;
- thinking more when in a sexual situation; and
- about how easy it is to get STDs.



#### Opinions about 'safer sex' issues

352 All respondents were asked if they agreed or disagreed with a number of statements about 'safer sex' issues.

#### "It's the mans responsibility to carry condoms."

353 Views were mixed on this statement with 39% agreeing, 47% disagreeing and the remainder having no strong opinion. (Figure 3.17) Those that agreed were more likely to be male (42% vs 34% female), from socioeconomic groups DE (44%), and those who had not read the full poster (44%)

"I would always make sure I had a condom if I thought there was a chance of having sex."

354 14% disagreed with this statement. They were more likely to be aged 25-35 (17%), from socioeconomic groups DE (17%), and those who had not read the full poster (17%)

#### "You don't need to use a condom if you/your girlfriend are/is on the pill."

355 20% agreed with this statement. Males were more likely to agree than females (24% vs 14%).

#### "There is very little chance of catching the HIV virus in Northern Ireland."

356 Almost one in ten agreed with this statement (9%). Although there wasn't a large difference, those holding this view were more likely to be aged 25-35 (12%) or from socio-economic group DE (13%).

#### "It is easy to get condoms if you need them."

357 9% disagreed with this statement. They were more likely to be aged under 19 (13%). There was little difference in opinion based on whether the venue was located inside or outside Belfast.

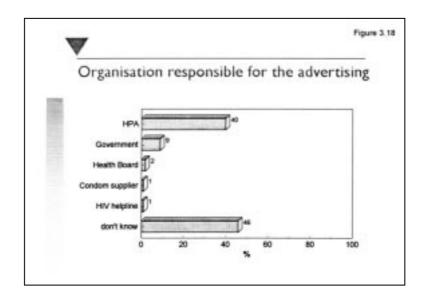
358 Spontaneous comments about these statements from those who participated in the enhanced survey included:

- men don't care/are selfish;
- the posters should be made to attract one's attention more;
- there should be better availability of contraception;
- Family Planning Clinics are very good;
- more women are taking an interest in the issues surrounding safer sex;
- it is not always easy to put safer sex into practise; and
- condoms are no longer a taboo subject.

#### Organisation responsible for the advertising

359 40% of respondents correctly said that the HPA was responsible for the advertising a further 9% believed it was the Government, and 2% the Health Board. Almost half (46%) did not know who was responsible for it. (Figure 3.18)

360 The following section will now go on to describe the key findings from the survey of venue owners and managers.



## IV Key findings from the venue owners/managers survey

- 401 In addition to the survey of young people a survey of the venue owners/managers who participated in the advertising campaign was conducted.
- 402 In total we were able to complete interviews with 38 of the 51 pub owners/managers who participated in the campaign. There were 3 refusals to the survey. We were unable to make contact with 10 owner/managers during the fieldwork period. (This was mainly due to potential respondents being unavailable due to holidays).
- 403 All but one of the venue owners/managers reported that they participated in the campaign. The one exception said that their nightclub was closed due to renovations.

#### **Profile of the customers**

- 404 The venue owners/managers were asked to give a description of the type of customers their venue attracts.
- 405 The following table (Table 4.1) provides a description of the average percentage of customers in each age group who attend the venues.

Table 4.1 Average percentage of customers by age

	Mean %
Up to 19 years	23
20-24	41
25-35	26
36+	16

- 406 The majority of customers were within the target age group of the advertising campaign (18-35).
- 407 The venues attracted a range of different types of professions. Table 4.2 details the average percentage of customers to the venues who belong to each of the professions.

Table 4.2 Average percentage of customers by age

	Mean %
students	39
manual/labourers/factory workers <35 years	27
young professional <35 years	26
unemployed <35 years	11
nurses	10
other	2

#### **Number of toilets**

- 408 Venue owners/managers were asked how many toilets (including urinals) they had on their premises.
- 409 For male toilets the number ranged from 2 to 30 with an average of 9 toilets/urinals. For female toilets the range was 1 to 23 with an average of 7 toilets.

#### Person responsible for deciding to participate in the campaign

410 The majority of respondents to whom we spoke were responsible for making the decision to display the posters (60%). Almost a third (32%) of the decision were made by other owners/managers. (Figure 4.1)

#### Willingness to participate in the campaign

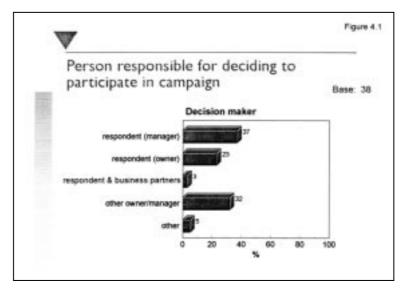
- 411 The majority of respondents (79%) said that they were very willing to participate in the advertising. No one reported that they were unwilling. (Figure 4.2)
- 412 The reasons given for this willingness included:
- the posters provide up to date information (42%);
- good public relations (32%);
- it's a good idea (11%);
- have no problems with the advertising (11%); and
- complements own safe sex campaign (5%).
- 413 One person mentioned that the 'Convenience Advertising' representative was very persistent.

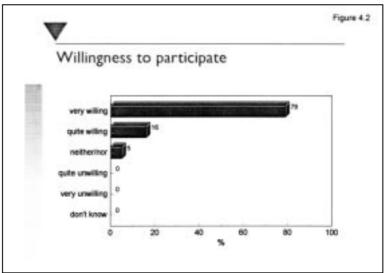
#### Display of the posters

- 414 Only one of the respondents reported that they refused to allow a particular poster or on their premises. This was poster M7 'What's Safer Sex'. The reason given was because it had the word 'masturbation' on it.
- 415 The response to this question does not concur with the information given in the Convenience Advertising report for February/March 1996. However this lack of consistency may be partly attributed to recall bias on behalf of the venue owners/managers. (Many may have decided which poster they allowed up to a year previously).
- 416 It may be worthwhile, now that the venue owners/managers are familiar with the campaign to reaffirm which posters can be displayed.

#### **Incidence of complaints from customers**

417 Only one respondent reported that they had a complaint from customers. The complaint was because of the posters being located in the toilets.





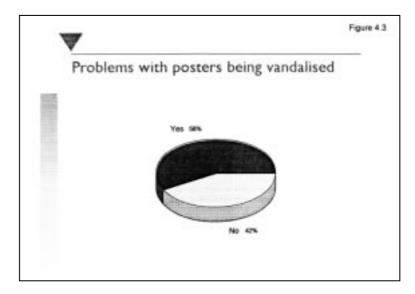
#### Incidence of the posters being vandalised

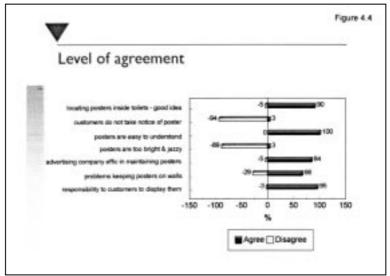
418 58% of respondents reported that they had experienced problems with vandalism of the posters. (Figure 4.3) All the problems related to the posters being taken off the walls. It was suggested that something stronger is needed to keep them on the walls.

#### Opinions about the posters and the campaign

- 419 The venue owners/managers reaction to the campaign was very positive with 90% agreeing it was a good idea to display the posters in toilets, 100% agreed that the posters were easy to understand and 95% agreed that they had a responsibility to their customers to display this type of advertising. (Figure 4.4)
- 420 3% thought that their customers took no notice of the posters and that the posters were two bright and jazzy.

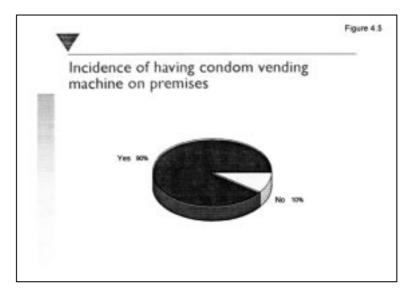
- 421 Two of the respondents did not agree that the advertising company were efficient in maintaining the posters. However 26 of the 38 respondents agreed strongly that they were efficient.
- 422 Two thirds (66%) said they had problem keeping the posters on the walls. This was not always viewed as a bad thing because it resulted in the poster being more widely distributed.

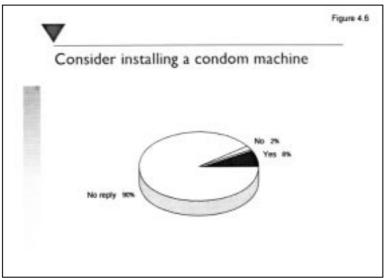




#### **Condom vending machines**

- 423 The majority of respondents (90%) had condom vending machines on their premises, 8% said they would consider installing them with only 1 respondent (2%) saying that they wouldn't consider it. (Figures 4.5 and 4.6)
- 424 27% of those who had condom machines knew the amount of sales from the machines. On balance sales of condoms were thought to have stayed the same since the start of the campaign.





#### Suggestions for extending or improving the campaign

425 Suggestions for extending or improving the campaign included:—

- change the design of the posters regularly (3)
- extend the advertising to the television (2)
- produce a video (2)
- provide individual packs for students which contain leaflets and condoms (2)
- provide better maintenance of the posters (2)
- extend the campaign to schools/techs etc (2)

#### Willingness to participate in further campaigns

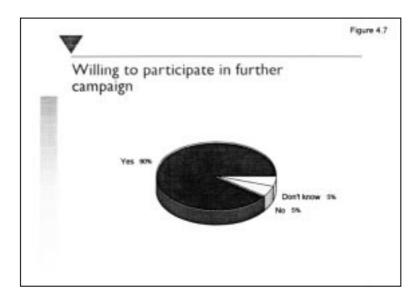
426 All but two of the respondents said that they would be willing to participate in further advertising campaigns. (Figure 4.7)

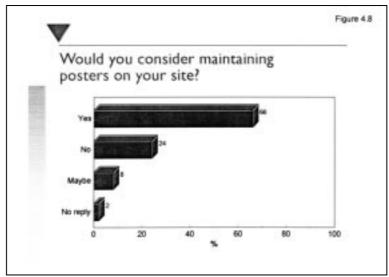
427 Suggestions for other topics which could be covered by this type of advertising included.

- drugs (5)
- aids awareness (3)
- STDs (2)
- charity events (1)
- drink driving (1)
- information helpline for gay community (1)
- alcoholism (1)

#### Willingness to maintain posters

428 Two thirds of respondent (66%) said that they would be willing to maintain the posters on their site and 8% said that they would consider it. A quarter (24%) said that they would not be willing. (Figure 4.8)





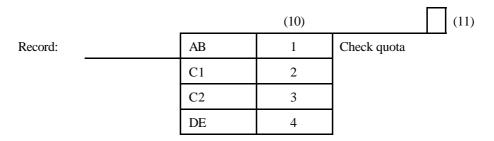
# Appendix A Questionnaires

# **HPA Convenience Advertising Evaluation - Young peoples** questionnaire

		(1	-3)		(4	-6)				
Ser No	).			Int. No		Е	dit	Data entry	Back check	
		ng. My n ch on a r							livision. We are co	
Record	l:								•••••	
Venue	:								•••••	
Town:										
Secti	ion	1 Pers	sonal	l details	5					
						£:1	l. : £ 41	- f-11if		
(a)	Do ai	ny or yo	ur irien	ids or men	ibers of your	ramily wor	k in any of the	e following profes	ssions ?	
				Market 1	research		1			
				Marketi	ng		2	If yes to	If yes to	
				Media	Media			any thank	any thank	
				Advertising			4	and close		
				Health p	promotion sp	ecialist	5			
(b)	Into v	which of	the fol	llowing ag	e brackets do	you fall? S	HOWCARD .	A		
						(8)				
				ſ	Under 19	1	Check qu	ıota		
				+	20-24	2				
				ļ	25-35	3				
				f	36 +	4				
	_			L						
(c)	Reco	rd sex								
						(9)				
				Ī	Male	1	Check au	ıota		

Female

(d) Can you tell me your occupation?
IF STUDENT TICK BOX AND ASK FOR PARENTS OCCUPATION



(e) (i) Apart from tonight have you visited this venue in the past 6 months

	(12)	_
Yes	1	continue
No	2	close

(ii) When was the last time you visited this venue

	(13)
1-2 days ago	1
3-6 days ago	2
1-2 weeks ago	3
3-4 weeks ago	4
1-3 months	5
4-6 months	6

(f) How often do you normally frequent this venue

at least weekly 1 monthly 2 occasionally 3

## **Section 2**

 (a) I would like you to think about some recent local advertising or promotional campaigns which you may have noticed. In the last couple of months have you heard of or noticed: Circle all that apply

No Smoking Day 1
Healthy Eating campaign 2
Drinkwise '95 3
Safer sex advertising 4
HIV awareness 5
Thumbs up on Monday 6
Drug awareness 7

IF RESPONDENT HAS NOTICED "SAFER SEX ADVERTISING" OR "HIV AWARENESS" GO TO (c)

#### IF RESPONDENT HAS NOT NOTICED ANY OF THESE CONTINUE

(b) Have you noticed any advertising or other promotional information relating to safer sex or HIV awareness

	(17)	_
Yes	1	continue
No	2	Go to Section 3

(c) You said that you have seen/heard of a safer sex/HIV awareness advertising campaign. Where did you hear/learn about the campaign?

DO NOT PROMPT, RECORD UNDER UNPROMPTED COLUMN

# (d) Did you hear/learn about it from any of the following sources **PROMPT**, RECORD UNDER PROMPTED

	(18-20)	(21-23)
	Unprompted	Prompted
Radio programme	1	1
Radio advertising	2	2
Newspaper	3	3
Magazine	4	4
Poster in toilets	5	5
Bill board	6	6
Television programme	7	7
Television advertising	8	8
Health facility	9	9
Educational facility	A	A
At work	В	В
Pub/nightclub	С	С
Someones house	D	D
Don't know	Е	Е

IF ANSWERED, 'Poster in toilets' or 'pub/nightclub', CONTINUE, ELSE 00 TO SECTION 3

(e)	What do you remember about the safer sex/HIV awareness campaign? Firstly can you	describe how it look
		(24-25)
	ORD VERBATIM, IF DON'T KNOW, RECORD DON'T KNOW	(26-27)
(ii)	Can you describe what it said?	
		(28-29)
	ORD VERBATIM, IF DON'T KNOW, RECORD DON'T KNOW	(30-31)
(iii)	What was it trying to tell people?	
	ORD VERRATIM IE DON'T KNOW RECORD DON'T KNOW	

## **Section 3**

(a) Can I check if you have seen any of these posters which relate to the safer sex/HIV awareness campaign? SHOWCARD B RECORD ALL WHICH APPLY

	(36-37)
Don't gamble with sex	1
Are you covered	2
Know her? slept with her!	3
Know him? slept with him!	4
Are you having sex tonight	5
If you have sex	6
What's safer sex	7
Saw them but can't remember which	8
None	9

(b) IF NONE GO TO Q4d Where did you see these posters (RECORD ALL VENUES)

Venue:	(38)	(40)	(42)	(44)	(46)
Location:	(39)	(41)	(43)	(45)	(47)

- (c) (i) Thinking back to when you **first** saw one of these posters which of these statements best describes how you looked at it
  - (ii) And thinking back to the last time you saw one of these posters, which of these statements best describes how you looked at it

	(48)	(49)
	First time	Last time
Glanced at the picture but didn't read it	1	1
Read the headline only	2	2
Read the whole poster	3	3
Didn't look at it at all	-	4

(iii) If respondent didn't answer 3 for either question ask have you ever read the whole poster?

	(50)
Yes	1
No	2

(d) What age range do you think the campaign is aimed at? CIRCLE THE FULL RANGE THAT RESPONDENT SPECIFIES

28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	> 40
(79)	(81)	(83)	(85)	(87)	(89)	(91)	(93)	(95)	(97)	(99)	(101)	(103)	(105)
< 15	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
(51)	(53)	(55)	(57)	(59)	(61)	(63)	(65)	(67)	(69)	(71)	(73)	(75)	(77)

(e) What do you think is the main message of the campaign? DO NOT PROMPT CODE ALL THAT APPLY

(106-107)

Use condoms when you have sex	1
Do you know about your partners sexual history	2
Talk about sex with your partner before it happens	3
What you should do if you suspect you have a STD	4
Use a condom even if you use another contraceptive	5
You can catch diseases from having unprotected sex	6
Others (specify)	7

(f) Have you ever discussed the advertising campaign with your friends

(108)

Yes, while at the pub/club venue	1
Yes, at another time	2
No	3

(g) Did you posters tell you anything that you didn't know before?

(109)

Yes	1
No	2

IF	YES.	WHA	T

(11	0-111)
(11	2-113)

#### **Section 4**

(a) I would like you to think back to when you first say this poster campaign. Can you tell me whether at that time you agreed or disagreed with each of the statements I am going to read out. Please use the following scale.

Can you give each statement a rating out of 5 with 1 being agree strongly and 5 being disagree strongly SHOWCARD C

1 = Agree strongly
2 = Agree a little
3 = Neither/nor
4 = Disagree a little
5 = Disagree strongly

READ OUT STATEMENTS:-	First time	
The posters are very eye catching		(114)
There should be more information on the posters - if yes what		(115)
The posters are easy to understand		(116)
The posters are too bright and jazzy		(117)
The posters are boring		(118)
Locating the posters inside toilet cubicles is a very good idea		(119)
I wouldn't take notice of any poster no matter where it was sited		(120)
The posters are aimed at people like me		(121)
Its embarrassing to read the poster in front of other people		(122)

(b) Has your opinion changed in anyway now?

(123)
Yes 1
No 2

IF YES, IN WHAT WAY	
	(124-125
	(126-127

#### (c) Would you say that as a direct result of this campaign you are now

	Yes	Knew or did this anyway	No	DO NOT READ OUT
more aware about safer sex	1	2	3	(128)
better informed about safe sex	1	2	3	(129)
better informed about how to avoid HIV and aids	1	2	3	(130)
more likely to use condoms	1	2	3	(131)

## (d) The following are statements about peoples attitudes. Please use the scale to rate your level of agreement. SHOWCARD D

It's the man's responsibility to carry condoms	(132)
I would always make sure I had a condom if I thought there was a chance of having sex	(133)
You don't need to use a condom if you/your girlfriend are/is on the pill	(134)
The is a very little chance of catching the HIV virus in Northern Ireland	(135)
Its easy to get condoms if you need them	(136)

#### (e) Who do you think is did for the poster advertising?

(137-138)

Health Promotion Agency	1
Other - specify	2
Don't know	3

- (i) Have you visited any of the following pubs or clubs in the last 6 months? TICK ALL WHICH APPLY SHOWCARD D(ii) IF YES, How often do you normally visit this venue (f)

Town	Venues	Have visited	weekly	monthly	occasionally
Armagh	Arena Nightclub	1	1	2	3
	Harry Hoots (139-142)	2	1	2	3
Ballymena	The Grouse Inn	3	1	2	3
Ballycastle	Legends Nightclub	4	1	2	3
Banbridge	The Coach Inn	5	1	2	3
Bangor	Wolseys	6	1	2	3
Belfast	Cutters Wharf	7	1	2	3
	Chester Park Inn	8	1	2	3
	Crescent	9	1	2	3
	The Limelight	Α	1	2	3
	Katie Daly's	В	1	2	3
	Lavery's	C	1	2	3
	Morrisons	D	1	2	3
	Kingshead	Е	1	2	3
	Duke of York	F	1	2	3
	Paradise Lost	G	1	2	3
Carrickfergus	The Northgate	Н	1	2	3
	The Fergus Inn	I	1	2	3
Coleraine	The Bullseye	J	1	2	3
Cookstown	Clubland "Pink Pussy"	K	1	2	3
Londonderry	Hennesseys	L	1	2	3
•	The Strand Taven	M	1	2	3
	The Castle Bar	N	1	2	3
	The Metro (143-146)	О	1	2	3
	Da Vincis	1	1	2	3
	Gweedore	2	1	2	3
	McGlinleys	3	1	2	3
	Squires	4	1	2	3
Downpatrick	De Courcey's	5	1	2	3
Enniskillen	Bush Bar	6	1	2	3
	Mirage	7	1	2	3
Holywood	The Bear	8	1	2	3
Newry	Squires	9	1	2	3
•	Rosie O'Grady's	A	1	2	3
Newcastle	The Anchor	В	1	2	3
	The Central Park	С	1	2	3
Omagh	McElroy's	D	1	2	3
S	The Clock Bar		1	2	3
Portadown	Bennetts Bar	Е	1	2	3
Portrush	Kellys	F	1	2	3
Portstewart	Anchor Bar	G	1	2	3
1 orisic wart	Neros Nightclub	Н	1	2	3
Strabane	Blue Parrot	J	1	2	3
Suavane	Townhall Bar	K	1	2	3

Town	Venues	Have visited	weekly	monthly	occasionally	
Armagh	Arena Nightclub	1	1	2	3	(14
· ·	Harry Hoots (139-142)	2	1	2	3	(14
Warrenpoint	The Crown	L	1	2	3	(19
_	Marine Tavern - Cheri	M	2	1	3	(19
Universities -	Students Union					
Belfast	Queens University	N	1	2	3	(19
	Ulster University York	О	1	2	3	(19
		(198-201)				
Jordanstown	Ulster University	1	1	2	3	(19.
Coleraine	Ulster University	2	1	2	3	(19
Londonderry	Ulster University	3	1	2	3	(19

(g) Can you look at the following card and indicate which comment applies to you? SHOWCARD  ${\rm E}$ 

(202)

Ever sexually active	1
Never sexually active	2

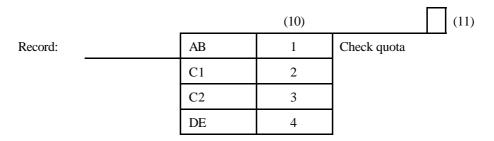
#### THANK AND CLOSE

I declare that	this interview was conducted within the code of conduct and according to instructions and that the
respondent w	as unknown to me. I understand that all information given to me much be kept confidential.
Signed:	
C	
Date:	
Dute.	

# **HPA Convenience Advertising Evaluation - Young peoples** enhanced questionnaire

			(1-3)			(4	-6)							
Ser No	0.				Int. No			Edit			Data entry		Back check	
Good evening. My name is from Coopers & Lybrand's market research division. We are conducting some research on a recent advertising campaign and I wonder if you could spare some time to answer a few questions.														
Record:														
Venue	Venue:													
Town:	:											• • • • • •		
Sect	ion 1	l Pe	rsor	nal	details									
(a)	Do an	y of	your fi	rienc	ls or membe	rs of your	fam	nily work	in any of	the f	following profe	ession	ns?	
				Ī	Market rese	arch			1					
				•	Marketing				2					
				٠	Media				3		If yes to any, thank			
				i	Advertising	<u> </u>			4		and close			
					Health pro	notion sp	ecia	ılist	5					
(b)	Into v	vhich	of the	foll	owing age b	rackets do	yoı	u fall? SH	OWCAR	RD A				
								(8)						
					II	nder 19		1	Check	z aunt	ta.			
					-	-24		2		x quoi	ia .			
					-	-35		3	-					
					-	+		4						
(c)	Recor	d sex			•		•							
(0)	110001	a sen												
					_			(9)	٦					
					M	ale		1	Check	k quot	ta			
					Fe	male		2						

(d) Can you tell me your occupation?
IF STUDENT TICK BOX AND ASK FOR PARENTS OCCUPATION



(e) (i) Apart from tonight have you visited this venue in the past 6 months

	(12)	_
Yes	1	continue
No	2	close

(ii) When was the last time you visited this venue

	(13)
1-2 days ago	1
3-6 days ago	2
1-2 weeks ago	3
3-4 weeks ago	4
1-3 months	5
4-6 months	6

(f) How often do you normally frequent this venue

at least weekly 1 monthly 2 occasionally 3

#### **Section 2**

(a) I would like you to think about some recent local advertising or promotional campaigns which you may have noticed. In the last couple of months have you heard of or noticed: Circle all that apply

No Smoking Day 1
Healthy Eating campaign 2
Drinkwise '95 3
Safer sex advertising 4
HIV awareness 5
Thumbs up on Monday 6
Drug awareness 7

IF RESPONDENT HAS NOTICED "SAFER SEX ADVERTISING" OR "HIV AWARENESS" GO TO (c)

#### IF RESPONDENT HAS NOT NOTICED ANY OF THESE CONTINUE

(b) Have you noticed any advertising or other promotional information relating to safer sex or HIV awareness

	(17)	_
Yes	1	continue
No	2	Go to Section 3

(c) You said that you have seen/heard of a safer sex/HIV awareness advertising campaign. Where did you hear/learn about the campaign?

DO NOT PROMPT, RECORD UNDER UNPROMPTED COLUMN

# (d) Did you hear/learn about it from any of the following sources **PROMPT,** RECORD UNDER PROMPTED

	(18-20)	(21-23)
	Unprompted	Prompted
Radio programme	1	1
Radio advertising	2	2
Newspaper	3	3
Magazine	4	4
Poster in toilets	5	5
Bill board	6	6
Television programme	7	7
Television advertising	8	8
Health facility	9	9
Educational facility	A	A
At work	В	В
Pub/nightclub	С	С
Someones house	D	D
Don't know	Е	E

IF ANSWERED, 'Poster in toilets' or 'pub/nightclub', CONTINUE, ELSE GO TO SECTION 3

(e)	What do you remember about the safer sex/HIV awareness campaign? Firstly can yo	ou describe how it looke
		(24-25)
	ORD VERBATIM, IF DON'T KNOW, RECORD DON'T KNOW	(26-27)
(ii)	Can you describe what it said?	
		(28-29)
	ORD VERBATIM, IF DON'T KNOW, RECORD DON'T KNOW	(30-31)
iii)	What was it trying to tell people?	
		(32-33)
	ORD VERBATIM. IF DON'T KNOW. RECORD DON'T KNOW	(34-35)

#### **Section 3**

(a) Can I check if you have seen any of these posters which relate to the safer sex/HIV awareness campaign? SHOWCARD B RECORD ALL WHICH APPLY

	(36-37)
Don't gamble with sex	1
Are you covered	2
Know her? slept with her!	3
Know him? slept with him!	4
Are you having sex tonight	5
If you have sex	6
What's safer sex	7
Saw them but can't remember which	8
None	9

(b)	IF NONE GO TO Q4d (i) What was your initial	reaction to the	e poster(s) PR	OBE FULLY			
						(2	03-204)
							05-206)
	(ii) What do you think of			FULLY			
	Where did you see these (RECORD ALL VENUI	L					
	Venue:	(38)	(40)	(42)	(44)	(46)	
	Location:	(39)	(41)	(43)	(45)	(47)	

- (c) (i) Thinking back to when you **first** saw one of these posters which of these statements best describes how you looked at it
  - (ii) And thinking back to the last time you saw one of these posters, which of these statements best describes how you looked at it

	(48)	(49)
	First time	Last time
Glanced at the picture but didn't read it	1	1
Read the headline only	2	2
Read the whole poster	3	3
Didn't look at it at all	-	4

(iii) If respondent didn't answer 3 for either question ask have you ever read the whole poster?

	(50)
Yes	1
No	2

(d) What age range do you think the campaign is aimed at? CIRCLE THE FULL RANGE THAT RESPONDENT SPECIFIES

28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	> 40
(79)	(81)	(83)	(85)	(87)	(89)	(91)	(93)	(95)	(97)	(99)	(101)	(103)	(105)
< 15	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
(51)	(53)	(55)	(57)	(59)	(61)	(63)	(65)	(67)	(69)	(71)	(73)	(75)	(77)

(e) What do you think is the main message of the campaign? DO NOT PROMPT CODE ALL THAT APPLY

(106-107)

	, ,
Use condoms when you have sex	1
Do you know about your partners sexual history	2
Talk about sex with your partner before it happens	3
What you should do if you suspect you have a STD	4
Use a condom even if you use another contraceptive	5
You can catch diseases from having unprotected sex	6
Others (specify)	7

(f) (i) Have you ever discussed the advertising campaign with your friends

(108)

Yes, while at the pub/club venue	1
Yes, at another time	2
No	3

(ii) What was you discussion about? PROBE FULLY

(g) Did you posters tell you anything that you didn't know before?

(109)

Yes	1
No	2

					(112-113)
ecti	ion 4				
	I would like you to think back to when you agreed or disagreed with each of the	ne statements	I am going to re	ead out. Please use t	he following scale.
	Can you give each statement a ratin SHOWCARD C	g out of 5	with 1 being ag	gree strongly and	5 being disagree stror
		1 = Agree $2 = Agree$			
		3 = Neither			
		4 = Disagre			
		5 = Disagro			
	READ OUT STATEMENTS:-			First time	7
	The posters are very eye catching			(114)	
	There should be more information	on the post		(115)	
	The posters are easy to understand				(116)
	The posters are too bright and jazz	zy			(117)
	The posters are boring				(118)
	Locating the posters inside toilet of	ubicles is a	very good idea		(119)
	I wouldn't take notice of any poste	er no matter	d	(120)	
	The posters are aimed at people lil	ke me			(121)
	Its embarrassing to read the poster	r in front of o	other people		(122)
	Has your opinion changed in anyway n	ow?			
			(123)		
		Yes	1		
		No	2		
YES	S, IN WHAT WAY				
					(124-125)
•••••					
					(126-127)

IF YES, WHAT

#### Would you say that as a direct result of this campaign you are now (c)

	Yes	Knew or did this anyway	No	DO NOT READ OUT
more aware about safer sex	1	2	3	(128)
better informed about safe sex	1	2	3	(129)
better informed about how to avoid HIV and aids	1	2	3	(130)
more likely to use condoms	1	2	3	(131)

Record any comments	
	(215-216)
(d) The following are statements about peoples attitudes. Please use the scale to rate your SHOWCARD D	r level of agreement.
It's the man's responsibility to carry condoms	(132)
I would always make sure I had a condom if I thought there was a chance of having sex	(133)
You don't need to use a condom if you/your girlfriend are/is on the pill	(134)
The is a very little chance of catching the HIV virus in Northern Ireland	(135)
Its easy to get condoms if you need them	(136)
Record any comments	
	(219-220)
(e) Who do you think is did for the poster advertising?	

Who do you think is did for the poster advertising?

(137-138)

Health Promotion Agency	1
Other - specify	2
Don't know	3

- (i) Have you visited any of the following pubs or clubs in the last 6 months? TICK ALL WHICH APPLY SHOWCARD D(ii) IF YES, How often do you normally visit this venue (f)

Town	Venues	Have visited	weekly	monthly	occasionally
Armagh	Arena Nightclub	1	1	2	3
	Harry Hoots (139-142)	2	1	2	3
Ballymena	The Grouse Inn	3	1	2	3
Ballycastle	Legends Nightclub	4	1	2	3
Banbridge	The Coach Inn	5	1	2	3
Bangor	Wolseys	6	1	2	3
Belfast	Cutters Wharf	7	1	2	3
	Chester Park Inn	8	1	2	3
	Crescent	9	1	2	3
	The Limelight	A	1	2	3
	Katie Daly's	В	1	2	3
	Lavery's	C	1	2	3
	Morrisons	D	1	2	3
	Kingshead	Е	1	2	3
	Duke of York	F	1	2	3
	Paradise Lost	G	1	2	3
Carrickfergus	The Northgate	Н	1	2	3
	The Fergus Inn	I	1	2	3
Coleraine	The Bullseye	J	1	2	3
Cookstown	Clubland "Pink Pussy"	K	1	2	3
Londonderry	Hennesseys	L	1	2	3
•	The Strand Taven	M	1	2	3
	The Castle Bar	N	1	2	3
	The Metro (143-146)	О	1	2	3
	Da Vincis	1	1	2	3
	Gweedore	2	1	2	3
	McGlinleys	3	1	2	3
	Squires	4	1	2	3
Downpatrick	De Courcey's	5	1	2	3
Enniskillen	Bush Bar	6	1	2	3
	Mirage	7	1	2	3
Holywood	The Bear	8	1	2	3
Newry	Squires	9	1	2	3
•	Rosie O'Grady's	A	1	2	3
Newcastle	The Anchor	В	1	2	3
	The Central Park	С	1	2	3
Omagh	McElroy's	D	1	2	3
S	The Clock Bar		1	2	3
Portadown	Bennetts Bar	Е	1	2	3
Portrush	Kellys	F	1	2	3
Portstewart	Anchor Bar	G	1	2	3
1 orisic wart	Neros Nightclub	Н	1	2	3
Strabane	Blue Parrot	J	1	2	3
Suavane	Townhall Bar	K	1	2	3

Town	Venues	Have visited	weekly	monthly	occasionally	
Armagh	Arena Nightclub	1	1	2	3	(14
· ·	Harry Hoots (139-142)	2	1	2	3	(14
Warrenpoint	The Crown	L	1	2	3	(19
_	Marine Tavern - Cheri	M	2	1	3	(19
Universities -	Students Union					
Belfast	Queens University	N	1	2	3	(19
	Ulster University York	О	1	2	3	(19
		(198-201)				
Jordanstown	Ulster University	1	1	2	3	(19.
Coleraine	Ulster University	2	1	2	3	(19
Londonderry	Ulster University	3	1	2	3	(19

(g) Can you look at the following card and indicate which comment applies to you? SHOWCARD  ${\rm E}$ 

(202)

Ever sexually active	1
Never sexually active	2

#### THANK AND CLOSE

I declare that	this interview was conducted within the code of conduct and according to instructions and that the
respondent w	as unknown to me. I understand that all information given to me much be kept confidential.
Signed:	
C	
Date:	
Dute.	

### **HPA Convenience Advertising Campaign Evaluation**

Pub owners/managers questionnaire

		(1-3	)		(4-6)			
Ser No				Int. No		Edit	Data entry	Back check
	vening.	-	_					ivision. We are conduc answer a few questions.
Name								
Positio	n							
Venue(s	s)							
Telepho	one No							
ASK F	OR NA	MED F	PERSC	ON OR PUB O	WNER/M	IANAGER.		
pub/clu displaye Could respons	b/unive ed in th you spa sible for	rsity/co e toilet are som the res	ollege j areas ne tim earch,	participated. To You may rer to answer a Maureen Pola	he advertished he	sing I'm talking ab ceiving a letter a stions (if hesitant or Julie Parkes, 375	out is the posters to pr few days ago informin ask would they like 58).	campaign in which yomote safer sex which g you about this resea to talk to the consultant advertising campaign.
					Yes	1	$\neg$	
					No	2		
b ]	If not pa	articipa	ting or					` /
(If they	have pa	articipa	ted but	no longer do,	continue i	nterview, if they n	ever participated thank	and close)
Profile	e of c	ustom	ers					
				ne details of the percentage of y		ustomers your ven	nue attracts.	

% Up to 19 1 (12-

1		,
20-24	2	(15-17)
25-35	3	(18-20)
36 +	4	(21-23)

b	Approximately	y what percentag	ge of	your custom	ers are					
		Students							(24-26)	
		Nurses							(27-29)	
		Young profess	sionals	s (under 35)					(30-32)	
		Manual/labour	ers/fa	ctory worke	rs (under 3	35)			(33-35)	
		Unemployed (	under	35)					(36-38)	
		Other							(39-41)	
c		ur premises, hov nals and Cubicle		ny toilets do	you have	for				
			M	ales		(4	12-43)			
			Fe	emales		(4	14-45)			
2 .	C		1	4: 1		41	4			
3 a	Can you ten n	ne approximatel	-	-						
		Month _		(4	6-47)	Year _		(	(48-51)	
b	Who was resp	onsible for mak	ing th	e decision a	gree to pa	ırticipa	ite in the	e campai	ign.	
							(5	52)		
			Yours	self only				1		
			Head	office			2	2		
			Joint,	yourself and	d head off	ice	3	3		
			Yours	self and busi	ness partn	iers	4	4		
			Other	owner/man	ager		4	5		
			Other	(specify)			4	5		
c	How willing o	or unwilling wer	e you	or the decis	sion make	_		e in the a	dvertising	campaign?
			,	T			53)	1		
			,	Very willi			1			
				Quite will			2			
				Neither/no			3			
			,	Quite unw	_		4			
				Very unw	_		5			
				Don't kno	W		6			

Why is that?

d

e There are 7 designs of poster in the advertising campaign. Did you refuse to allow any of them to be displayed?

	(58)	_
Yes	1	
No	2	Go to Q6

(f)	IF YES - Can you remember w			(59-60)
				(61-62)
(g)	Why was that?			
				(63-64)
4 a	Have you had complaints from			, ,
			(67)	
		Yes	1	
		No	2	
b	IF YES What were the complaints about	t?		
				(68-69) (70-71)
5 a	Have you had any problems with	th the posters being	vandalised?	
			(72)	
		Yes	1	
		No	2	
b	IF YES			
	What type of problems have you	u experienced?		
				(73-74)
				(75-76)

6 Can you tell me whether you agree or disagree with the following statements? Can you give each statement a rating out of 5 with 1 being agree strongly and 5 being disagree strongly.

Agree strongly	1
Agree a little	2
Neither/nor	3
Disagree a little	4
Disagree strongly	5

Locating the posters inside the toilet cubicles is a very good idea	(77)
My customers wouldn't take any notice of any poster, no matter where it is sited	(78)
The posters are easy to understand	(79)
The posters are too bright and jazzy	(80)
The advertising company is very efficient at maintaining the posters	(81)
I've had a lot of problems keeping the posters on the walls	(82)
As a pub owner/manager I feel 1 have a responsibility to my customers to display this type of advertising	(83)

7 a Do you have a condom vending machine on your premises?

	(84)	_
Yes	1	Go to c
No	2	Go to b

b Would you consider installing a condom machine?

	(85)	
Yes	1	Co to O
No	2	Go to Q8

c Do you know the amount of condom sales from these machines?

	(86)	_
Yes	1	
No	2	Go to Q8

d How much, would you say, sales of condoms from these machines have increased or decreased since the start of the advertising campaign.

	(87)
Increased a lot	1
Increased a little	2
Stayed the same	3
Decreased a little	4
Decreased a lot	5
Don't know	6

8	Do you have any	y suggestions as to h	ow the advertising	campaign can be improved	or extended?
					(88-89
					(90-91

9 a Would you be willing to participate in any further advertising campaigns?

	(92)
Yes	1
No	3
Don't know	2

b	Are there any other	r topics which y	ou feel would b	be appropriate to	advertise in this	type of location?

c If the campaign was to be continued would you consider maintaining the posters on your site yourself? (INVOLVES REPLACING TORN OR STOLEN POSTERS)

	(97)
Yes	1
Maybe	2
No	3

We are also talking to young people about their views on the campaign. Would you be willing to let one of our interviewers on to your premises to conduct a small number of interviews?

	(98)
Yes	1
No	2

#### THANK AND CLOSE

Date:

I declare that this interview was conducted within the code of conduct and according to instructions and that the respondent was unknown to me. I understand that all information given to me much be kept confidential.

(99)

6 7

Signed:	

.....

M6

**M**7

# Appendix B Table of advertising awareness

#### Appendix B

Advertising Campaign	Drinkwise 95 Evaluation	Healthy eating evaluation (post campaign)	Convenience advertising evaluation
Healthy eating	41	39	41
Drinkwise	37	37	35
No smoking day	75	67	64

### Appendix C Awareness of posters by venue

Appendix C Awareness of posters by venue

	Don't gamble with sex	Are you covered	Know her slept with her	Know him slept with him	Are you having sex tonight	If you have sex	What's safer sex	Saw but can't remem- ber	None
Kellys, Portrush	20	32	24	8	20	4	12	0	44
Squires, Derry	35	15	23	19	19	12	19	4	31
Gweedore, Derry	32	28	36	32	32	28	8	4	20
Town Hall Bar, Strabane	23*	8	15	12	23	23	8*	0	27
The Bear, Holywood	8*	35	8*	8	8*	8*	4*	19*	19
Chester Park Inn, Belfast	25*		8*	21*	8*	4	0*	4*	42
Duke of York, Belfast	29	17*	25*	21	8*	21*	21*	4*	33
Kingshead, Belfast	69	27	4*	4	8*	19	15*	15	0
Paradise Lost, Belfast	15	4	12	12	19	8	8	12	50
QUB Student's Union	35	31	38	31	38	31	31	4	8
Wolseys, Bangor	65	50	8*	8	27	4	4*	0	31
The Clock Bar, Omagh	35*	4*	19	19	19*	8	4*	0	27
The Bush Bar, Enniskillen	27	12*	23	15	4*	4	15*	4	46
Mirage, Enniskillen	44	20	12	8	12	32	8	4	20
The Crown, Warrenpoint	11	26	22	11	7	15	19	4	59
Harry Hoots, Armagh	39	43	9	30	39	9	17*	4	13
Bennetts, Portadown	52	64	48	32	32*	24	32*	4	20
De Courceys, Downpatrick	8*	44	4*	8*	0*	16	4*	0	36
Fergus Inn, Carrickfergus	16	8	0	20	8	12	20*	16	28
Anchor, Newcastle	24	4	4	4*	12	8	0*	4	56